

Theme 2: The Economy

Outcome 2

Everyone benefits from a vibrant economy





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Action 1.1 *Start-Ups*

Why are we doing it?	What is our target?	How are we going to achieve it?
2.1.1 There is a need to create more start-up businesses (in 2014 there were 180 new	2.1.1 Create at least 525 sustainable jobs and 581 business start-ups over 3 years	2.1.1 Deliver annual NI Business Start-up Programme
business start-ups: 16 per 10,000 population), the second lowest out of all council areas and	and six months	2.1.1 Develop a shared space in Lisburn city centre for start ups
the employment rate of 16-64 year olds in 2016 was 75.3%, a reduction from 77% in 2011		2.1.1 Take advantage of City Deal opportunities
		2.1.2 Explore the opportunity
2.1.2 There is a lack of cohesiveness between Council and Enterprise Agencies in the field of enterprise development	2.1.2 Create conditions for cohesiveness between the Council and Enterprise Agencies	for strategic collaboration to develop a memorandum of understanding between council and Enterprise Agencies to develop entrepreneurship and employability by March 2018
2.1.3 There is a lack of diversity and under-representation from disadvantaged areas in business	2.1.3 Create opportunities in the harder to reach areas	2.1.3 Commence development of locality plans by March 2019
start-ups	2.1.3 Develop diverse jobs to reflect under-represented groups	

• LCCC (Hazel King)

- Community and voluntary sector
- Enterprise agencies
- Enterprise NI
- Invest NI/ERDF
- Prince's Trust
- SERC
- The Waterways College
- Women in Business
- Young Enterprise

What resources do we need to do it?

• Can be delivered within existing resources

- New businesses and social enterprises are created and existing ones grow, employing more people
- Our local workforce is equipped with the right skills to secure employment and / or start a business
- Income inequality is reduced

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Action 2.2 Business Growth

Why are we doing it?	What is our target?	How are we going to achieve it?
2.2.1 There is a need to grow capacity within local businesses to realise their full potential and to equip new businesses to be future-proof and take opportunities to grow	2.2.1 Increase overall number of jobs2.2.1 Increase GVA growth2.2.1 Increase VAT registrations	 2.2.1 Deliver a series of business development support initiatives in a programme reviewed annually 2.2.1 Annual review in September held with stakeholders (stakeholder forum established)
2.2.2 There aren't enough people with the right skills at the right levels to support business growth	2.2.2 Increase level of inward investment	2.2.1 Develop a Forum for agents to discuss development potential by June 20182.2.2 Draw up a series of
2.2.3 Need ability to respond to market demands on skills, expertise and export and there	2.2.3 Increase growth in export sales	programmes to increase opportunities for matching skills to local employment, to be reviewed annually
is a need to maintain existing businesses		2.2.3 Engage with LDP team for policies around land zoning for business growth by March 2018
2.2.4 Brexit may create opportunities but there is also a need to mitigate against potential risks	2.2.4 Improve local business performance	2.2.3 Advocate improved infrastructure (including digital) by March 2018
		2.2.3 Carry out a review of localised skills shortages by June 2018
		2.2.4 Publish a Pitch Book detailing development potential by September 2018
		2.2.4 Draw up demandled programme to increase

opportunities to help with business

growth, reviewed annually

• SERC (Richard Armstrong)

- CPD
- Dfl
- InterTrade Ireland
- Invest NI/ERDF
- LCCC (Hazel King)
- LEAs
- LDP team
- Lisburn Chamber of Commerce
- Local Private Sector
- The Waterways College

What resources do we need to do it?

• Support from DfE and DfI

- Our local workforce is equipped with the right skills to secure employment and/or start a business
- New businesses and social enterprises are created and existing ones grow, employing more people
- Income inequality in reduced
- Our transport and digital infrastructure supports our economy and our people

was 3% of the NI total)

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Action 2.3 *Tourism Strategy*

Why are we doing it?	What is our target?	How are we going to achieve it?
2.3.1 There is a need to ensure LCCC is linked to the national tourism strategy	2.3.1 Maximise level of spend on infrastructure2.3.1 Integrate the LCCC Tourism Strategy with the National Tourism Strategy	2.3.1 Engage all partners in planning and delivery of the Tourism Strategy2.3.1 Develop tourism forum by March 2019
2.3.2 Lisburn Castlereagh has great tourism potential based on its natural and built environments but these are currently not maximised	2.3.2 Increase number of visitors2.3.2 Increase level of investment	2.3.2 Progress existing planned tourism projects2.3.2 Draw up sector specific tourism and hospitality skills development programme by
2.3.3 Interdependencies currently are not managed efficiently - lack of collaborative approach to tourism sector	2.3.3 Increase number of tourism related jobs2.3.3 Increase skills in the sector	June 2018 2.3.3 Develop programme to get a cohesive approach and buy-in from all stakeholders by June 2018
2.3.4 Hillsborough Castle led by HRP is a regionally significant project	2.3.4 Attract 200,000 visitors to Hillsborough Castle by 2020	2.3.4 Work with HRP to prepare for the opening of Hillsborough Castle to attract visitors
2.3.5 From 2015 to 2016 the number of nights spent on overnight trips in Lisburn and Castlereagh fell by 17%	2.3.5 Increase number of overnight stays	2.3.5 Encourage the development of a hotel in Lisburn2.3.6 Implement the tourism
2.3.6 Need to increase the average spend (in 2016 £27.2m was spent on overnight trips in Lisburn and Castlereagh which	2.3.6 Increase spend and increase number of out of state visitors	strategy to increase visitor numbers

- LCCC (Andrew Kennedy)
- DAERA
- DfC
- Dfl
- HRP
- Lagan Navigation Trust
- Local communities
- People 1st
- SERC
- The Waterways College
- TourismNI
- Tourism industry (providers)
- Visit Belfast

What resources do we need to do it?

- Capital investment fund from all partners
- Ongoing revenue funding for operational costs

- There is growth in tourism based on our natural and historic assets with a focus on international visitors
- New businesses and social enterprises are created and existing ones grow, employing more people
- Income inequality is reduced
- Our transport and digital infrastructure supports our economy and our people

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Action 2.4 *Social Enterprise*

Why are we doing it?	What is our target?	How are we going to achieve it?
2.4.1 Social enterprises provide important opportunities to develop skills confidence and create employment	2.4.1 Increase social enterprise opportunities	2.4.1 Engage with SocialEnterprise NI to support localcommunities2.4.1 Advocate for a direct
2.4.2 There is potential to grow the social enterprise network	2.4.2 Maintain and grow 22 social enterprises as a result of the project by March 2018	awards procurement initiative 2.4.1 Investigate opportunities to expand on the success of the social enterprise hubs
2.4.3 There is a need to assist the voluntary sector and other entrepreneurs to set up social enterprises	2.4.3 Ensure dispersal of benefits from a range of enterprises and innovations	 2.4.2 Establish baseline report on social enterprises in area by June 2018 2.4.2 Implement a series of social enterprise programme initiatives by September 2018
		2.4.3 Share best practice models and engage more volunteers from community sector

What resources do we need to do it?

- DfC (Sharon Polson/Lorraine Gallagher)
- DfC
- Inspire
- LCCC (Hazel King)
- LEAs
- Local community Resurgam, Atlas
- NICVA
- Social Enterprise NI
- TWC/LNT
- Work West

- No additional resources
- New businesses and social enterprises are created and existing ones grow, employing more people
- Income inequality in reduced
- There is community ownership and management of local assets and facilities

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Action 2.5 Hotel Development

Why are we doing it?

What is our target?

2.5.1 & 2.5.3 Increase

How are we going to achieve it?

2.5.1 From 2012 to 2015, Lisburn and Castlereagh had the lowest number of overnight trips across all council areas, and, in 2016, it had the second lowest number of overnight trips

commercial hotel bed stock numbers, jobs, visitor trips, bed nights and tourism revenue to the area

Get commitment for investment

developments in LCCC area

2.5.1, 2.5.3 & 2.5.4 Council to lead on delivery of an opportunity to build a city centre hotel which will lead post-investment decision to an integrated action plan around skills, tourism and community engagement

2.5.2 Lisburn Castlereagh is adversely affected by the 10 mile radius rule around Belfast

2.5.2, 2.5.3 & 2.5.4

on at least two hotel

2.5.1, 2.5.3 & 2.5.4 To have agreement on investment by June 2018

2.5.3 There is an under supply of bed spaces, further restricted by policy

2.5.1, 2.5.3 & 2.5.4 Have an action plan by March 2019

2.5.4 LCCC area has four hotels, Belfast has 33, Ards and North Down has seven and Antrim and Newtownabbey has ten

2.5.1, **2.5.3** & **2.5.4** Successfully market a vacant site within Lisburn City Centre

2.5.1, 2.5.2, 2.5.3 & 2.5.4

Include social clauses in capital projects which are public sector projects

- LCCC (Paul McCormick)
- CPD
- DfE
- InvestNI
- Private sector
- SERC
- Tourism NI

What resources do we need to do it?

- No additional resources
- A subvention is required

- There is growth in tourism based on our natural and historic assets with a focus on international visitors
- New businesses and social enterprises are created and existing ones grow, employing more people
- Our transport and digital infrastructure supports our economy and our people
- Our local workforce is equipped with the right skills to secure employment and / or start a business

How will the actions be monitored?

The Community Planning Partnership is required to make arrangements to monitor progress against meeting the Community Plan outcomes, and the effectiveness of the actions taken for the purpose of achieving those outcomes. The Council must publish a statement once every two years on actions taken and outcomes achieved and community planning partners must provide the Council with relevant information to enable the Council to collate the information. The first statement must be produced by May 2019.

It is the responsibility of each appropriate partner to report feedback

and monitoring to the lead partner for any action. The lead partner will report to the chairperson of the TAP Group, who will report to the SCPP. There will be an annual review of statistics therefore monitoring will take place every six months if necessary in order to assess if actions are achievable, relevant and making a difference. If actions are failing to achieve outcomes, reprioritising will happen.

Therefore, it is of benefit to the representatives of the Council, statutory partners and support partners to gain an understanding of the various roles, remits and responsibilities of their

respective organisations including their legal duties, resource limitations and accountabilities to other agencies as early as possible in the process. Regular reporting gives partner organisations opportunities to raise concerns about deliverability at an early stage.

Where agreed actions are not being progressed, reasons for this should be reviewed with the partners and appropriate action taken to assist progress or amend the Action Plan. The Council is responsible for accountability to the public by publishing a statement on progress every two years.

Abbreviations:-

AED	Automated External Defibrillators	HRP	Historic Royal Palaces
AF	Age Friendly	LAC	Looked After Children
ASIST	Applied Suicide Intervention Skills Training	LBAP	Local Biodiversity Action Plan
BHSCT	Belfast Health & Social Care Trust	LCCC	Lisburn & Castlereagh City Council
BRT	Belfast Rapid Transit	LDP	Local Development Plan
CCMS	Council for Catholic Maintained Schools	LEAs	Local Enterprise Areas
СР	Community Planning	LNT	Lagan Navigation Trust
CPD	Central Procurement Department	NIAS	NI Ambulance Service
CPR	Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation	NICVA	Northern Ireland Council for Voluntary Action
C-SAW	Castlereagh Safe and Well programme	NIFRS	NI Fire & Rescue Service
CYPSP	Children and Young People's Strategic Partnership	NIHE	NI Housing Executive
DAERA	Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs	NIYLT	NI Young Life and Times Survey
DEA	District Electoral Area	OHCA	Out of Hospital Cardiac Arrest
DfC	Department for Communities	ONC	Ordinary National Certificate
DfE	Department for Education	ORNI	Outdoor Recreation NI
DfI	Department for Infrastructure	PAD	Public Access Defibrillator
DIIB	Dundonald International Ice Bowl	PCSP	Policing and Community Safety Partnerships
DoJ	Department of Justice	PHA	Public Health Agency
DTNI	Development Trust NI	PSNI	Police Service NI
EANI	Education Authority NI	RDP	Rural Development Plan
EIL	Early Intervention Lisburn	SCPP	Strategic Community Planning Partnership
ERDF	European Regional Development Fund	SEHSCT	South Eastern Health & Social Care Trust
FSME	Free School Meals Entitlement	SERC	South Eastern Regional College
GVA	Gross Added Value	TWC	The Waterways College
HCN	Housing Community Network	VAT	Value-Added Tax
HLF	Heritage Lottery Fund	YMCA	Young Men's Christian Association



